

StarBiochem User Manual Learn how use StarBiochem

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Welcome to StarBiochem

StarBiochem is a protein 3D viewer. StarBiochem runs on standard Linux, Windows and Mac computers.

Opening StarBiochem

To get started with StarBiochem:

- 1 Navigate to http://web.mit.edu/star/biochem.
- 2 Click on the Start button to launch the StarBiochem application.
- 3 Click Trust when a prompt appears asking if you trust the certificate.

This is the view you will see when you open StarBiochem.

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Loading a protein structure

StarBiochem enables the visualization of molecules encoded within Protein Data Bank (PDB) files. PDB files are named by a four-character ID such as "1GXX".

To open a PDB file:

- 1 Click on File -> Open/Import.
- 2 In the Look In pull-down menu, choose a PDB file from one of the following sources:

000		Open		
Look <u>I</u> n: 📄 B	undled Samples		- a 🔒	
 № 1A3N % 6 1DX8 1GXX 1GXX 1H61 1FFK 1TDW 2PAH 2PFK 3D95 	PFK		Package has	10 objects
File <u>N</u> ame:				
Files of <u>Type</u> :	All Files			-
			Open	Cancel

- the **Bundled Samples** folder: click on the desired PDB file and then click **Open**.
- the **Desktop**: click on PDB file within the Desktop folder and then click **Open**.
- the PDB database via PDB RCBS Search: in the Search (Keywords) enter the PDB ID or type the name of the protein. Click on the Search results file within the PDB RCBS Search tool. Choose the desired PDB file and click Open.



Upon opening PDB file in StarBiochem, you will see a 3D model of the protein in the viewer.



Manipulating the default view

To rotate

Windows	left-click and drag the mouse
Mac	click and drag the mouse

To move up/down right/left

Windowsright-click and drag the mouseMacapple-click and drag the mouse

To zoom

Windows	Alt-left-click and drag the mouse
Mac	option-click and drag the mouse
Note: sometimes y	you may need to zoom out to see the entire molecule after it first loads.

Visualizing atoms and bonds

The default view of a molecule is the "ball and stick" mode, where the bonds have been drawn, but not the atoms.

To visualize/hide atoms or bonds in the "ball and stick" view mode:

- 1 Click the View Controls panel.
- 2 Check the Draw checkbox under the Atoms or Bonds box to turn the corresponding elements or uncheck the box to turn them off.

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le Vie	ew Help		
		Structure	
		View Controls	
		Secondary Structures Use 🗹 Transpar	ency
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		Selected	1
	A SHARE A REAL PROPERTY OF A	Selected Residues Use 🗹 Transparer	icy
		Backbone	1
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		Atoms	
	ARX PROPERTY	✓ Draw	
	A CONSTRUCT OF A CONSTRUCT	Fill space	
		Bonds	
		v braw	
		(Show All)	
	MAT - REP 18 - P - P	Selection Controls	
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		PDB Tree	
		PDB Information	(

To change the default "ball and stick" view to the "space fill" view:

- 1 Click the View Controls panel.
- 2 Check the Fill space checkbox under the Atoms box to display atoms in the space filled mode; uncheck the box to display them in default "ball and stick" mode.



The default coloring scheme for atoms is as follows:

- Carbon (C) atoms grey spheres
- Oxygen (O) atoms red spheres
- Nitrogen (N) atoms blue spheres
- Sulfur (S) atoms yellow spheres
- Standard bonds grey line segments
- Peptide bonds blue line segments

Note: StarBiochem does not display hydrogen atoms or water molecules contained in the PDB files.

Displaying molecular structures

The **primary structure** of a protein lists the amino acids that make up a protein's sequence or the nucleotides that make up a DNA segment, but does not describe their corresponding shape. The **secondary structure** of a protein refers to how stretches of amino acids within a protein chain are arranged in space in characteristic patterns such as helices, sheets, and coils. The **tertiary structure** describes the folded shape of a protein chain and is determined by characteristic properties of the amino acid residues, such as acidic, basic, polar, and non-polar. The **quaternary structure** indicates the relationship between the chains of a molecule.

Note: for DNA segments that are crystallized with DNA binding proteins, only the primary structure of the DNA segment is shown.

Displaying primary structures:

- 1 Click on the Structure.
- 2 Select the Primary tab to display the primary structure: a numbered list of amino acids.

tructure						
Prima	ary	Secondar	y	Te	rtiary	•
Ser_1 Val_5 Ala_9 Ala_13	Lys_2 Cys_6 Phe_10 Val_14	Lys_3 Ser_7 Leu_11 Phe_15	Glu Val Lys Ala	_4 _8 _12 _16		ſ

3 If necessary, scroll down through multiple numbered lists of amino acids; every list corresponds to a different protein chain (discussed later) in the molecule and is color-coded accordingly.

Left-click on a list entry to select a particular amino acid in the viewer. To select multiple amino acids, hold down **Ctrl** while clicking on them.

Displaying secondary structures

- 1 Click on the **Secondary** tab in the **Structure** panel.
- 2 Select Helix, Sheet, or Coil, respectively, to display secondary structures in the standard "ribbon format": ribbon-like strips in the shape of helices, sheets, or coils.



3 You can select individual helices, sheets or coils by clicking on the individual selection checkboxes for each of these secondary structures.

Displaying tertiary structures

- 1 Click on the **Tertiary** tab in the **Structure** panel.
- 2 Check a property box, e.g. Basic, Acidic, etc., to color different types of residues in the viewer.
- 3 Uncheck the property box to return to the default coloring scheme.

Displaying quaternary structures

- 1 Click on the **Quaternary** tab in the Structure panel.
- 2 Check the Chain box to color all atoms according to the chain to which they belong.



3 Uncheck the Chain box to return to the original color scheme.

Selecting atoms and structures

In addition to being able to select structural elements within the **Structure** controls, StarBiochem allows for selection of individual structural elements by selecting the type of element and then clicking on the actual element within the structure.

Selecting individual structural elements

- 1 Click on Selection Controls to open the panel for selecting elements of the molecule.
- 2 In the Select by groups, click on the button corresponding to the type of structural element you want to select.

Selection Controls	۲
Select by mouse click NONE Atom Residue Chain Helix Sheet Coil	
Select None	
Select residue by type	
ALA - Alanine	

- 3 In the viewer, click on the actual structural element to select the type of object indicated in the **Select by** boxes.
- 4 To select multiple atoms/sets of atoms, hold down Ctrl while clicking on these elements. To unselect structural elements, hold down Ctrl while clicking on the selected elements.

Manipulating molecule visibility

StarBiochem enables the user to focus on specific elements of the molecule by controlling the transparency of selected or unselected atoms, side chains, and backbones.

Changing visibility of selected and unselected atoms

- 1 Click on **Structure** to open the tabbed list of controls.
- 2 Navigate between the tabs to select and unselect primary, secondary, tertiary or quaternary structures.
- 3 Click on the View Controls bar to open the panel.
- 4 Change the visibility of corresponding atoms by manipulating the **Unselected** or **Selected** sliders or by entering a number between 0 and 1 in the boxes to the right of the sliders.

5 Check the Secondary Structures Use Transparency box, so that manipulating the sliders affects also the transparency of any visible secondary structures.



Changing visibility of side chains and backbones

- 1 Click on **Structure** to open the tabbed list of controls.
- 2 Navigate between the tabs to select and unselect primary, secondary, tertiary or quaternary structures.
- 3 In the View Controls panel, change the visibility of corresponding atoms by manipulating the Sidechain or Backbone sliders or by entering a number between 0 and 1 in the boxes to the right of the sliders.
- 4 Check the Selected Residues Use Transparency box, so that manipulating the sliders affects only the selected atoms.

